

# Bona Fide Bargains in Shoes

## of Well-known Make for Women

# PATRICIAN and LA FRANCE

## \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shoes.

These shoes are the two best selling makes of women's footwear sold in the city. The models are all this season's creation.

You know that PATRICIAN and LA FRANCE Shoes ALWAYS SELL for \$3.50 and \$4.00. When we offer them to you for \$2.45, you know that you save \$1.05 and \$1.55.

All Sizes and Widths up to Size 4½.

Cloth Top Models.

Nobby Tan Styles.

Gray and Catawba Suede Boots.

Patent Leathers.

Bronze Kid \$5 Button Boots.

Gun-Metal Boots with Wing Tips.

# Only \$2.45

As sizes and widths of these shoes are limited, we have included two styles of another popular make woman's shoe (choice of cloth top or kid top button models), in a complete range of sizes, at \$2.45.

NOTE—The shoes now offered at \$2.45 are not "discontinued lines," but from a surplus of our regular stock that sells at regular prices the year round. We haven't offered such bargains in years. Probably will not be able to do so again for a like period. Take advantage of this sale while YOUR size is still here.

## ROBERT BERBERICH'S SONS

Washington's Largest and Most Progressive Shoe House

Established 1868. 1116-18-20-22 Seventh St. N. W. (Between L and M Sts.)

## OBSERVE BIRTHDAY OF GEN. R. E. LEE

Sons and Daughters of Dixie Pay Tribute.

GEN. GORDON MAKES ADDRESS

Describes Virginia's Part at Appomattox, Chancellorsville, and Gettysburg—Martial Music of Civil War Days, Distribution of Crosses, and the Enthusiasm Features.

Celebrating the birthday of Gen. Robert E. Lee, chief of the Confederacy, more than 500 sons and daughters of Dixie crowded the ballroom at the Arlington last night. Gen. G. W. Gordon delivered an eloquent eulogy of the dead warrior of the South.

Martial music of the days of '61, constant enthusiasm and applause, and the annual ceremony of distributing crosses to veterans and their descendants, made the evening a stirring one to the Southerners.

"We know of no martial achievements greater than those of this splendid Virginian," said Gen. Gordon, after he had described Lee's part at Appomattox, Chancellorsville, and Gettysburg. Virginia gave Lee to the South, the Confederacy gave him to the world, and the world gave him to immortality."

Quoted Northern Statesmen. Gen. Jordan quoted Northern statesmen and historians to bear out his statement that Lee was no more a traitor than Washington. He said the Southern leaders' fame belonged to the nation now as well as to the South, and that his name was dear in every State.

Commander Holmes Conrad presided and Rev. Dr. R. H. McKim opened the meeting with prayer. Mrs. J. Griff Edwards sang "Dixie," accompanied by Dr. Clifton P. Clark, and the Confederate choir sang several war hymns. Rev. Dr. W. T. Thompson gave the closing benediction.

Veterans Receive Medals. The following veterans and descendants were called forward, one by one, and received medals from Commander Conrad:

W. A. Anderson, Company A, Virginia Cavalry; Danahall, Company I, First Maryland Infantry; Robert S. Barlow, Company H, Sixth Virginia Cavalry; R. P. Broadwater, Company A, Forty-seventh Virginia Infantry; John N. Garrison, Company K, Eighth Virginia Regiment; John M. Lee, Company H, Fourth Virginia Cavalry; Dr. W. P. Moore, Company F, Forty-seventh Virginia Infantry; W. R. Teller, Company A, and Twelfth Virginia Regiment; W. T. Turner, Company F, Seventeenth Virginia Infantry. Rebecca G. Carter, sister of B. F. Carter, Company B, Forty-third Virginia Cavalry; Mills Dean, son of Mills Dean, Company C, Twenty-second South Carolina Volunteers; H. C. Kleinschmidt, son of H. C. Kleinschmidt, Third Arkansas Infantry; Clarence Thomas, son of Samuel W. Thomas, Ashby's Virginia Cavalry; Laurence Washington, son of John Augustine Washington, lieutenant colonel, on staff of Gen. Robert E. Lee.

UNION FLAGS DECORATE BUILDINGS IN LEE'S HONOR.

Special to The Washington Herald. Richmond, Va., Jan. 19.—Lee's birthday is a State holiday, Virginia as well as the other Southern States took occasion to honor the day. Suitable exercises were observed here and in other parts of Virginia. In Richmond the Hollywood Memorial Association held memorial exercises at noon in the Second Presbyterian Church. Banks and schools were closed. The Richmond Howitzers fired a salute

of twenty-one guns this afternoon in honor of the dead general.

Local buildings were decorated with Confederate and Union flags. In many instances the striking feature was that only Union flags were used in the decorations. This was looked on as an unusual tribute to Gen. Lee. It is said that the idea was done with intent to show patriotism and honor to one who fought for State, but loved the welfare of the nation.

LEE EXTOLLED IN NEW YORK.

Confederate Veterans Indorse Washington Memorial Hall.

New York, Jan. 19.—Nearly 200 men and women of the Confederate Veterans Camp of New York dined this evening at the Waldorf in honor of Robert E. Lee. Later there was dancing in the Astor gallery. Commander Edw. Owen, of the camp, presided. He opened the speaking session with a short declaration regarding the project of the George Washington Memorial Association for the erection of a memorial hall in Washington.

A resolution was unanimously adopted that the Confederate Veterans' camp pledged itself in support of this project. The commander then introduced, with a warm compliment, "the daughter of a gallant Confederate general, who was afterward in the Federal army," Miss Wheeler, daughter of "Little Old Fighting Joe." The enthusiastic tribute which the diners paid Miss Wheeler was such that she was impelled to arise and bow her smiling acknowledgments.

After the President and the army and navy of the United States had been toasted Rev. Ernest M. Stiles, as a son of Virginia, opened the flood gates of oratory in extolling Gen. Lee.

Col. John L. Shepherd, of U. S. Grant Post, G. A. R., followed with an oration glorified as that of Mr. Stiles.

William J. Hendrick, former attorney general of Kentucky, told, partly in the words of John Fiske, "What Lee stands for."

UNIONISTS MAKE BIG GAINS.

Recover Thirteen Seats in the City of London Alone.

London, Jan. 19.—The vote of London, which is now complete, shows that the Unionists gained thirteen seats in the various metropolitan constituencies.

The election of 1906 gave, as the representation of the metropolis, thirty-six Liberals, four Laborites, and nineteen Unionists. The distribution of the seats is now Liberals, twenty-six; Laborites, one, and Unionists, thirty-two.

The popular vote in 1906 was Liberals, 278,299; Laborites, 28,563, and Unionists, 246,723. In the present election it was Liberals, 275,694; Laborites, 27,732, and Unionists, 217,944.

In Scotland alone the ministerialists maintain strength approximating that of 1906. The figures in Glasgow show a slight falling off. Five Radicals and two Unionists remain as the city's representation. The Midlands and the Southern counties continue to show heavy Unionist gains. Of the 81 constituencies that polled to-day only 21 were declared to-night. The Unionists made a net gain of four seats.

Premier Asquith, answering a heckler at a meeting in Fifehire, said he proposed to limit the veto power of the House of Lords by passing an act confining the power of veto to the lifetime of a single Parliament.

White To-Kay

A light-bodied, sweet wine of exquisite flavor. Special at 50 cents bottle.

TO-KALON WINE CO.,

614 14th St. N. W. Phone M. 998.

## GANNETT ELECTED TO MOORE'S PLACE

Geographic Society Board Holds Annual Meeting.

TITTMANN VICE PRESIDENT

Many Scientists in City for Important Business Session, and One of First New Matters of Business Will Be Consideration of Copenhagen Report on Cook Data.

At the annual meeting of the board of managers of the National Geographic Society, held yesterday afternoon in Hubbard Memorial Hall, Henry Gannett, vice president of the society and chairman of the committee on research for the past five years, was elected president, to succeed Prof. Willis L. Moore.

O. H. Tittmann, superintendent of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey and a member of the board of managers for some years, was elected vice president. O. P. Austin was chosen secretary and John Joy Edson treasurer.

All members of the board of managers who were in the city were present, being the following: Ex-President Alexander Graham Bell; retiring president, Willis L. Moore; Gilbert H. Grosvenor, editor of the National Geographic Magazine; John Otis Smith, director of the United States Geological Survey; Gen. John M. Wilson, U. S. A.; Charles J. Bell, president of the American Security and Trust Company; Admiral Colby M. Chester, U. S. N.; Admiral John Elliot Pillsbury, U. S. N.; David G. Fairchild, F. E. Coville, Dr. T. L. McDonald, Rudolph Kauffmann, Henry P. Blount, vice president of the American Security and Trust Company, and J. Howard Gore.

Messrs. Gannett and Tittmann, new president and vice president of the society, and E. Hart Merriam are the last of the twelve scientists who founded the society in 1888. The two new officers have been actively identified with all of the affairs of the organization from the beginning. Both were members of the committee on research, which passed upon Commander Peary's polar records, and are known the world over as among the leading geographers of the United States.

Will Examine Cook Records.

Among their first official duties will be to examine the full report of the Copenhagen savants upon Dr. Cook's supposed north pole data. The preliminary report from Copenhagen has already been passed upon. It is expected that the complete review of the Danish findings will be received here in about two weeks.

Admiral Colby M. Chester, whose abilities were recognized by many of the board of managers as entitling him to consideration at the hands of the society, requested that his name be not considered in connection with either the presidency or vice presidency, as he contemplates an early trip abroad, which would make it impossible for him to give the time either position would require.

Mr. Gannett is in every respect equipped for the position in which distinguished scientists have preceded him. In his sixty-fourth year, a graduate of Lawrence Scientific School, Harvard University, he has been connected with scientific movements, and was the geographer of the tenth, eleventh, and twelfth censuses, was detailed as assistant director of census of the Philippines in 1902; is a member of numerous American and foreign scientific societies, and is an author of distinction, along the lines of his chosen specialty.

Dr. Tittmann is likewise a scientist of note, and is superintendent of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, with which he has been connected since 1897. He is a member of many learned societies, and is an author of scientific works of international reputation. Dr. Tittmann is in his sixtieth year.

LABOR ATTENDS GRAND BALL

First Annual Event Held at Armory Hall.

Dancing Follows Musical and Vaudeville Program—Buffet Luncheon Is Served.

Organized labor scored a big social and financial success last night at the first annual grand ball and entertainment at National Rifles' Armory Hall, under the auspices of Central Labor Union. The attendance at the musical and vaudeville entertainment preceding the dance was approximately 1,600 persons. This feature, scheduled for 8 o'clock, started promptly, and until 10 o'clock, when the auditorium was cleared of seats and the dancing commenced, continuing until long after midnight.

The opening number of the dance card brought on the floor over 200 couples of young people. The dance card carried fifteen numbers, with two extras. Prof. Joseph B. Caldwell's orchestra furnished the music.

"Cowboy" Williams, "The Cannon Ball Flend," and "Buster," the famous Flend, Keatons, playing his week at Chase's Theater, were the professional headliners in the vaudeville feature of the entertainment. The daring act of "Cowboy" won unstinted applause, and "Buster," in his inimitable comic songs, was accorded a reception that meant five encores.

Other features of the entertainment were: Violin solo.....Miss M. V. Stoops

Selection.....Miss M. V. Stoops

"The Garden of Eden".....Billy Howlin (baritone)

Selection.....The Metropolitan Quartet

Selection.....The Metropolitan Quartet

Selection.....The Metropolitan Quartet

Selection.....The Metropolitan Quartet

Selection.....The Metropolitan Quartet

Selection.....The Metropolitan Quartet

## GOVERNORS DINE AT WHITE HOUSE

Continued from Page One.

continues the resolution, "should expressly provide that Federal courts shall exercise no jurisdiction whatever, until the final determination of the proceedings by the highest court of the State. If the State courts have not authority to stay the operation of the order pending proceedings in review, then the Federal court to that extent should exercise jurisdiction."

"Interference by the Federal courts with orders of State railroad commissions has been in the past a source of irritation, not so much because of any objection to the exercise of Federal authority as by reason of the manner in which that authority has been exerted. In our opinion, the friction heretofore existing would largely be obviated if railroads and holders of their securities were obliged fully to exhaust the remedies provided by the States before resorting to the Federal courts, and such is the apparent intimation of the Supreme Court of the United States."

No Method Provided. The resolution says where no method is provided by State statutes for legal review of a commission's order, Federal courts should exercise the same jurisdiction as now, "since some method ought to be, and must be, provided by which these public service corporations can avail themselves of the protection afforded by the Constitution of the United States."

The resolution says if a commerce court, as suggested by President Taft, is created, to review orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission, writs of error should lie to that court and injunctions against the orders of State commissions should issue from it. The resolution closes as follows: "We therefore recommend that Congress pass suitable laws to accomplish the suggestions of this conference, and that the secretary forward a copy of this resolution to Congress and urge its consideration and enactment into law."

The Minnesota executive, after reading his resolution, moved for its adoption, but when several governors suggested that it was of such importance that great deliberation was necessary, he agreed to its submission to a committee of five governors.

Five Governors Appointed.

Gov. Carroll, who was in the chair, appointed Govs. Fort, of New Jersey; Harmon, of Ohio; Burke, of North Dakota; Frost, of Vermont; and Ames, of South Carolina, to the committee. The five governors retired immediately to consider the resolution, but adjourned an hour later to meet again this morning before the regular conference begins.

Emphatic declaration was made by several of the governors at both of yesterday's sessions that the Federal Government could not control the rights to water power in the States. The executives stated that all such jurisdiction belonged to the various Commonwealths themselves. They admitted, however, that the United States could control the navigation of streams.

Gov. Pothier, of Rhode Island, was in the chair at the morning meeting, and the first paper, on the subject of "Forests," was by Gov. Quincy, of New Hampshire. He made a strong plea for the conservation of forests, alluding to the devastation of the great forests of the White Mountain region, which comprise more than 1,000,000 acres. On account of the heavy demand for lumber and pulp wood these forests are being cut clean. He spoke in favor of Senator Gallinger's bill for conservation of the forests.

"State supervision and regulation of quasi-public enterprises" was the theme of an address by Gov. Fort, of New Jersey, who said the necessity for the supervision and regulation of public service corporations by the State would become more and more acute as the population and industrial interests increased.

Co-operation Is Lacking.

"The great difficulty up to this time," he said, "has been to obtain any kind of co-operation between the companies and the State. The effort has been, by all sorts of methods, to make it appear that supervision and regulation were not necessary and were not desired by the people, and the people have failed to appreciate, to the full, the advantages which would accrue to them through such a commission. These conditions are now changing. The far-seeing corporation officials now recognize that public sentiment demands regulation by the State, in the interests of the people, of all the companies operating under public franchises for public service and private gain."

The way in which New York is conserving its forests was told by Gov. Hughes. He said that 1,600,000 acres of forest reserve were now owned by the State, much of which the State had to buy back from citizens.

In general discussion of water power that followed, Gov. Wilson, of Kentucky, expressed the opinion that the States had the right to control that power.

"There are three separate and distinct owners of streams," he said. "The citizens as individuals may own the riparian rights, the Federal government has control of the streams as far as navigation is concerned, and the State owns the water power."

For Water Powers.

Gov. Fort thought the time had come for the States to control more of the things to which they had devoted little attention, including water powers, and similar views were expressed by Gov. Draper, of Massachusetts.

The first speaker at the afternoon session, over which Gov. Carroll, of Iowa, presided, was Gov. Brooks, of Wyoming, who, continuing the discussion of the water-power question, said the Western States wanted the same rights that had been enjoyed for many years by the Commonwealths of the East.

"Much has been said," he said, "about the possibility of the formation of a water-power trust. Such a thing in Wyoming is absolutely impossible. The old law of riparian rights does not apply there. A wise provision was made years ago in Wyoming that the water of rivers and lakes belongs to the State and its control—I may say, must always rest in the State. The legislature has from time to time given to irrigation and power companies and to municipalities the right to use water, but the actual ownership cannot be parted with by the State."

Through National Government. "There is a tendency to accomplish all reforms through the national government. I believe it better that irrigation questions be settled through the people of the States themselves. We feel that every forest reserve in the West should belong to the States in which they are situated, and we will promise to protect them fully as well as the national government would."

Gov. Shafroth, of Colorado, also thought the only right the government had over

Manchester, Jan. 19.—Mrs. Davidson, the suffragette, who was drowned with water from a hose pipe at Strangeways when she barricaded herself in a cell and refused to be fed, has recovered a verdict of 40 shillings against certain visiting justices. She instituted suit for \$50 damages.

Suffragette Gets Verdict.

Manhattan, Jan. 19.—The suffragette, who was drowned with water from a hose pipe at Strangeways when she barricaded herself in a cell and refused to be fed, has recovered a verdict of 40 shillings against certain visiting justices. She instituted suit for \$50 damages.

Suffragette Gets Verdict.

Manhattan, Jan. 19.—The suffragette, who was drowned with water from a hose pipe at Strangeways when she barricaded herself in a cell and refused to be fed, has recovered a verdict of 40 shillings against certain visiting justices. She instituted suit for \$50 damages.

Suffragette Gets Verdict.

Simply Say "Charge It"—We'll Do the Rest.

## HECHT & COMPANY

513-515-517 7th St.

## 69c From 700c Stylish

## \$1 Waists.

IN THIS GREAT WAIST SALE THERE are over 60 dozen of the neatest and smartest waists you'd find in a day's travel. They are mostly in the plain tailored shirt effects, with laundered cuffs; all perfect-fitting garments. Every one is a \$1 value, and in the sale at 69c.

20 DOZEN PURE LINEN WAISTS, with laundered linen collar and cuffs, pleat over shoulder; they are style-correct in every detail; and each waist is correctly priced at \$2. They are in the big sale at half..... \$1.00

FINE INDIA LINON LINGERIE waists, some with entire fronts of fine tucks; some handsomely designed, with medallions of fine Venice embroidery and fine inserting; values are \$2 to \$2.50. For the Clean Sweep Sale..... 98c



## PRESENT OF \$2,000,000 TO CHAIRMAN CONNERS

Telephone Stock a Gift Because He Is Influential and Owns Two Newspapers.

New York, Jan. 19.—George A. Davis, chairman of the executive committee investigating telephone and telegraph matters in this State, never smiled to-day in the aldermanic chamber of the city hall, when he caused to be read into the record a letter he had received from James M. E. O'Grady, dated Rochester, December 19, mentioning a paltry \$2,000,000 of telephone stock having been handed to Chairman Connors, of the Democratic State committee.

The letter recited some recent testimony before the Supreme Court in Rochester, in which, according to Mr. O'Grady, President Albert O. Penns, of the Alliance Bank, of Rochester, and President Thomas W. Finscane, of the United States Independent Telephone Company, swore to the \$2,000,000 gift to Connors. Mr. Finscane being a co-director with

streams was in regard to their navigation. He said the right of the nation to any land it owned in a State was not that of a sovereign, but of a proprietor.

Ambassador Bryce, who had entered the room while Gov. Shafroth was speaking, was invited to the platform and asked to address the meeting. In a few words he expressed his pleasure at having the opportunity of hearing the deliberations of such an important body of men. He thought the tendency of recent years in most of the States had been to give the executives greater power, and that the people were more and more looking to them as the men who would do what was best for them.

Their Effort Ineffective. In the course of a paper on "Railroad regulation," Gov. Hadley, of Missouri, alluded to the ineffectiveness of efforts of the State and national governments to regulate and control railroads. He thought there had been a lack of scientific investigation and information with reference to the facts upon which the reasonableness or unreasonableness of a freight or passenger rate must depend.

After contending that the railroads are charging the people for freight business done wholly within the limits of a State as much per ton per mile as a State twice as much per ton per mile as a State are charging for interstate freight traffic, Gov. Hadley declared that the same disparity of rates has existed for years between the charge for the State passenger business and the interstate passenger business.

Seth Low, president of the National Civic Federation, presented a number of resolutions adopted by the conference held under the auspices of that body, and asked that they be given consideration. The committee on organization reported that it had chosen Gov. Spry, of Utah, as presiding officer for this morning's session.

MACCABEE HIVES INSTALL.

State Commander Mrs. Casswell Attends Auspicious Ceremonies.

Lady Maccabees of Washington hives Nos. 8, 9, and 11, installed at Pythian Temple last night, and the ceremonies were attended with the usual ostentation.

Speeches were made by past commanders of the Washington hives and by Lady Casswell, State commander of the Maccabees.

Hive No. 9 installed Lady Payne commander; Lady T. Zimmerman, lieutenant commander; Lady Emma Smith, record keeper; Lady E. Dawson, chaplain; Lady Carry Smith, finance auditor; Lady G. E. Kieny, sergeant; Lady Thelma Payne, mistress at arms; Lady Hford, sentinel; Lady Thornton, picket, and Lady Lottie Lewis, musician.

Officers of Hive No. 8 are Lady Kate Lorenz, commander; Lady Kate Battle, lieutenant commander; Lady Tesie Williams, record keeper; Lady Maggie Wilcock, chaplain; Lady Wait, finance auditor; Lady Hodge, sergeant; Lady O'Connell, mistress at arms; Lady Carson, sentinel, and Lady Robertson, picket.

The following were installed by Hive No. 11: Lady Shreve, commander; Lady Florence Tapping, lieutenant commander; Lady Dora Hendricks, record keeper; Lady Margaret Peck, finance auditor; Lady Ella Stowe, chaplain; Lady Ruth Rosenberg, mistress at arms; Lady Harriet Robinson, sergeant; Lady Mary Simmons, sentinel, and Lady Elizabeth Stuart, picket.

Tariff Goes Into Effect February 7. Berlin, Jan. 19.—It is understood that the German tariff will automatically go into operation against the United States at midnight February 7.

Largest Morning Circulation.

## MINORITY BALKED BY CAUCUS ACTION

Continued from Page One.

two men to go on the Ballinger-Pinchot committee.

Douglas Loses Vote.

A vote was taken then on the motion of Representative Douglas to censure the Democratic caucus, and it was lost by a big vote.

The Norris amendment proposing to vote on each Democrat separately was laid on the table. Mr. Roberts' motion to lay the Democratic communication on the table then came up and was carried. Representative Hamer, of Idaho, stirred things up at this point by proposing to name "Uncle Joe" Cannon a committee of one to select the House members of the Ballinger-Pinchot committee, but Chairman Currier ruled it out of order.

Then a motion by Representative Gardner to select the four Republican members and let the Democrats go by the board came up and was defeated, but he got 60 votes, and evidently there was a good deal of sentiment for his proposition.

The wind-up came when Morse, of Wisconsin, moved the substitution of James' name for that of Clayton in the Goebel resolution, which was carried by a comfortable majority. Then a motion was made to substitute Rainey's name for Lloyd, and that was defeated by the most overwhelming kind of a vote.

A motion by Representative Butler Ames, of Massachusetts, to substitute the names of Champ Clark, minority leader, and Underwood, of Alabama, minority whip, for Lloyd and James failed. Then they adopted the Goebel resolution as amended, according to the list of six given above, and the caucus adjourned.

DISCLAIMS NEGRO EQUALITY.

Rev. J. Henning Nelms Says Miss taken Idea Retards Race.

Declaring that the greatest obstacle to the advancement of the negro race had been the mistaken idea of absolute equality with the white race, Rev. J. Henning Nelms addressed the Interdenominational Bible College, at Lincoln Memorial Temple, last night.

"If the black man had been told," said Dr. Nelms, "that he could become, and not that he was the equal of the white man, his advancement would have multiplied ten fold."

CAR STRIKE IS DELAYED.

Philadelphia Workers Make Another Appeal for Arbitration.

Philadelphia, Jan. 19.—After completing a vote which showed an overwhelming majority in favor of a strike during the meetings last night and this morning, the Carman's Union, through its executive board, to-night made an offer and a suggestion to President Charles O. Kruger, of the Rapid Transit Company.

The offer was that if the company is "willing to recede from its former position and comply with the provisions of the agreement and equitably adjust the grievances that now exist" the grievance committee of the union stands ready to renew the conferences on the subjects over which the company and its employees have split.

The suggestion is that a board of arbitration be appointed to settle the disputes. The decisions of the board would be binding upon both the company and the employees.